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The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double T hat of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

TEUTONIC WARSAW CAMPAIGN A FAILURE

Counter-Attacks of the Muscovites Prove Effective in Maintenance of Positions

AUSTRO-GERMANS HALTED AT MANY POINTS

Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's Troops, Along the Sixty Mile Narew Sector, Have Felt the Full Force of the Russian Counter Attacks-Engagements of Note in the Western Zone are Restricted to Alsace, Where Both French and Germans Claim Small Gains-Vienna Reports Failure of Italian Campaign in the Vicinity of Gorizia-Austrians Also Claim to be Holding Their Own in the Isonzo Region.

In characterizing the "indescribably gallant efforts" of the Russian armies "to stem the tide of invasion and to retain inviolate the integrity of their possessions," the British prime minister pays this tribute to Great Britain's CAPTAIN OF LEELANAW

"I do not think in the whole of military history there has been a more magnificent example of discipline and endurance and of both individual and collective initiative than has been shown by the Russian army in the last seven weeks.

Austro-Germans Halted. The effect of these qualities thus attributed to the Russians has been to halt at many points the advance of the Austro-Germans, who were moving swiftly on Warsaw only a few days slaughts has been a series of Russian inter-attacks that, for the time be-at least, have proved effective

both in the destruction of men and in Teutons Make Slight Progress if Any Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's troops, who have been strongly pressing the Russians along the 60-mile Narew sector, running from Goworowo to Serock, and those of the Austrian grand duke, in southeast Poland, have felt the force fo these counetr-attacks. Berlin and Vienna declare that this offensive has been put down, but that the Austro-Germans have made only slight progress, if any, is not denied. If the German field marshal, Von Mackensen, is making any advance in two more shots were fired, last one

Encounters in Alsace. Except for encountrs in Alsace, wher both Grench and Germans claim small gains, and northwest of Souchez, where trench fighting has been going o ative calm prevails on the western

The furious battle which has raged for days in the Gorizia theatre of the Austro-Italian campaign, has ended in the complete failure of the Italians to attain their objective, according to Vienna. In addition, Vienna asserts that against the Italian attacks on the ntire front in the Isonzo region the Austrians are holding their own.

Contest of Endurance. In moving an adjournment of the British parliament to Sept. 14, Premier

William Leffler Attempted to De-

stroy Canadian Arms Plants.

ON TWO COUNTS

DYNAMITER GUILTY

ENDEAVORED TO ESCAPE.

No Complaint to Make of Treatment by Submarine Commander.

Washington, July 28.—Consul Dennison, at Dundee, Scotland, reported to the state department today that the captain of the American ship Leelanaw stated under oath today that he had "endeavored to escape" and only brought his ship to a stop after two warning shots were fired at him at a distance of two miles. He had no complaint to make of his treatment by the submarine commander.

The report of Consul Dennison, dated

by the submarine commander.

The report of Consul Dennison, dated today, was as follows:

"Leelanaw's crew here. All safe. Sail Saturday on St. Paul. Master under oath states sighted German submarine July 25, 60 miles north of Orkneys. Endeavored to escape. Fired on at distance of two miles, shot falling short. Howe to and stooped Sub-"The situation of the German troops is generally unchanged." says Berlin, referring to the fighting in this region.

The Germans, however, have captured the village of Goworowo, east of Rozan, and the village of Piorunow, some miles west of the Warsaw fort line.

Seen to sink one hour and twenty minutes later. At 8.30 p. m. another steamer being seen approaching, crew or dered to boats in which they proceeded remainder of distance to Kirkwall, arriving 6.30 following morning. Leeking submarine, master demanded ship's papers, request refused

his register, customs manifest and bills of lading being retained. Master had no complaint treatment on submarine."

ANOTHER BRITISH

Her Crew Saved London, July 28, 8: 50 p. m.—The British steamer Mangara of Glasgow, bound from Bilboa for Hartlepool, has been torpedoed and sunk by a

TO HASTEN RESTORATION

Windsor, Ont., July 28.—William hefler of this city was found guilty today in a justice court at Sandwich, a suburb, on two of three counts in an indictment charging him with dynamiting the plant of the Peabody Manufacturing Comp sy at Walkerville, near here and lacing dynamite under the Windsor Armory several weeks ago. Washington, July 28.—To hasten restoration of trade, details of the arrangement under which the Russeveral weeks ago.

The name of Albert Kaltschmidt, a Detroit business man, was brought plan for an early resumption of into the calk with the reading of one trade between Russia and this coun-

of the counts upon which Lefler was convicted. This count held that Lefler conspired with Kaltschmidt and "one Schmidt" to wreck the Peabody buildings and the Windsor Armory. The other count alleged Lefler was try.
Under the proposal accepted by the The third count, in which Lefler was accused of unlawfully having dynamite in his possession, was quashed with the consent of the crown attorney. An appeal probably will be taken to the Ontario high court on the ground the indictment against Lefler was

Kaltschmidt has not been detained by government officials in Detroit or by Dominion authorities. MONTANA SWEPT BY SEVERE STORMS

Rain, Wind and Hail Damaged Harvest Fields and Telephone Lines.

Butte, Mont., July 28.—Montana was recovering today from one of the worst storms of recent years, according to reports received here from various sections of the state. At Livingston merchants were pumping water from their basements and stores after a cloudburst last night.

The rain and wind damaged harvest fields, railroads, telegraph and telephone lines. Hall caused great damage at other points. Electric power lines were blown down and Great Falls was in darkness for four hours. A Chautauqua tent was blown down here and six persons in it were injured.

STEAMER TORPEDOED The Mangara of Glasgow-Eight of

German submarine near Lowestoft Eight members of her crew were

The Mangara was a vessel of 1,821 Asgulth said the war had become and tons and belonged to the Mangara would likely continue for some time a Steamship Company of Glasgow.

OF TRADE WITH RUSSIA Arrangement is Being Worked Out With the Russian Ambassador

sian embargo on exports to the United States will be lifted will be worked out with the Russian ambassador, George Bakhmetleff. A request that this course be taken will be cabled to the state department toplan for an early resumption of trade between Russia and this coun-

Russian government in agreeing to lift the embargo, Russian shipments will be consigned to Secretary Red-field of the department of commerce, who will distribute to importers and merchants in this country under guarantee that no Russian products will find their way into countries at war with Russia. Negotiations was war with Russia. Negotiauons
the with the Russian ambassador are expected to develop a method of distributing shipments under bonds to
round be held by the Secretary until the
was merchandise has been consumed.

> Redfield on Eastland Investigation. Washington, July 28.—Secretary Redfield of the department of commerce, who is in charge of the department's investigation of the Eastland disaster in Chicago, notified Secretary Sweet today that he would begin rubble hearings tomorrow with secretary Sweet today that he would begin public hearings tomorrow with the informal co-operation of "three well-known Chicago citizens." The secretary said he had personally in-spected the Eastland and that noth-ing had yet developed to "justify an attack upon the service."

> Wind and Rain Storm in Wisconsin. Spring Green, Wis., July 28.—One man was killed and buildings and crops suffered heavy damage as a result of a wind and rain storm, which swept northern Richland county today. The villages of West Lima and Bloom City were the heaviest sufferers. Many families in Richland Center were driven from their homes by high water.

Cabled Paragraphs

Body of O'Donovan Rossa in Dublin Body of O'Donovan Rossa in Dublin, Dublin, July 26.—High requiem mass, attended by a large congregation, was celebrated in the Catholic cathedral here today over the body of Jeramiah O'Donovan Rossa, the Irish patriot, who died on Staten Island June 20. After the ceremony the body was removed to the city hall where it will lie in state before burial in Patriots Corner, in the Dublin suburb of Glasnevin. Mrs. O'Donovan Rossa and her daughter, Eileen, ware among the mourners at the cathedral.

AMERICAN STEAMER OGECHEE IN BRITISH PRIZE COURT Representatives of American Claim-ants Pleased Over the Outcome.

London, July 28, 5.45 p. m.—The case of the Ogechee, the American steamer which was selzed by the British government in April while bound from Bremen to New York, is now in the hands of Referee Holman Gregory, who, on August 2, will begin sittings to hear evidence regarding the American ownership of the various items of the vessel's cargo. The referee has full power to order the release of the various consignments if, in his opinion, American ownership is proved.

Representatives of the American claimants are pleased over the outcome of the conference with the judge of the prise court called on the opening day of the trial, as they have been given to understand that the government is adhering to its promise, made in the memorandum issued by the foreign office some time ago that it will place as few obstacles as possible in

eign office some time ago that it will place as few obstacles as possible in the way of proving the ownership of the cargo.

Technicalities, it is said, will be swept aside in favor of commonsense proofs that the goods aboard the ship had passed into American ownership at the time of her sailing.

While Holman Gregory has the pow-While Holman Gregory has the pow-er to order the immediate release of any consignment proving satisfactory American ownership, the items which

fail to pass the test will again be re-ferred to the prize court. Robert P. Skinner, the American consul-general, has been invited to present the proofs of the American claimants to Mr. Gregory.

IS BEING PREPARED.

Will Take Up Questions Which Have Arisen Since First Note Was

London, July 28, 5.54 p. m.—The new British note to the United States, in the course of preparation, will be an amplification of the original American contraband note which arrived in Washington Monday. It will take up the questions which have arisen since the first note was drafted.

Washington July 28.—Defense of the

the first note was drafted.

Washington, July 28.—Defense of the right of a belligerent to blockade a neutral port through which an enemy is receiving supplies, or attempting to market its own products, is the chief argument to be made in the supplemental note which Great Britain is preparing in reply to the American protest against the enforcement of the orders in council. The original note, received last Monday, has been withheld from publication at the request however of stimulating. It had the effect, however of stimulating. It had the effect, however of stimulating the American government which is more deeply interested in Hall than European countries, to take immediate steps to restore order.

President Wilson has been giving serious consideration to the situation. It had the effect, however of stimulating the American government which is more deeply interested in Hall than European countries, to take immediate steps to restore order.

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Jr., sent ti investigate conditions there, recently returned with a report showing that it was impossible for the first of the proposed treating the American proved the provide the provided that the effect, however of stimulating the American proved the provided that the provided that the first of the provided that the effect, however of stimulating the American provided that the provided that the provided that the effect, however of stimulating the American provided that the effect, however of stimulating the American provided that the effect, however of stimulating the American provided that the prov Mackensen, is making any advance in two more shots were fired, last one the southeastern sector of the great Polish line, nothing concerning it has ed towards Orkneys. Leelanaw was minister, pending the arrival of the ter's fears that the populace would supplemental communication, which is

expected within a week.
All other issues than that of the blockade of neutral ports, it is learned, will be regarded by the British government as subsidiary and proper for later discussion. Upon recognition by neutral governments of the principle, from the British viewpoint, depends the ability of a beiligerent which has otherwise established control of the seas, to profit by the enormous expenditure and sacrifice which made possi-ble that control. The matter is all-important in the British view.

Two developments not discussed in the original note will be taken up in the original note will be taken up in the supplemental communication. The first of these is the American caveat of July 17, conveying the notification that the United States government would not recognize the orders in council as a substitute for the pro-visions of international law.

AN AMERICAN CLERK ARRESTED IN BERLIN

Charged with Aiding a British Subject in Obtaining a Passport,

Washington, July 28.—Harry L. Wilson, of Portland, Oregon, recently a clerk in the American consulate at Berlin and now under arrest there, faces charges that are considered ex-tremely serious by state department officials.

Wilson ostensibly was detained at the Danish border for attempting to the Danish border for attempting to leave Germany without a passport. The real complaint against him, however, according to information forwarded to Washington, is that he aided a British subject in obtaining a passport, asserting that he know the applicant to be an American citizen. Ambassador Gerard reported the case about two weeks ago. Whether Wilson had left Berlin before that time has not been revealed.

Unlike diplomatic representatives, consular agents are extended no immunities or exemption from prosecution for offenses committed in another country. If Wilson's offense should be proven as charged, it would constitute a treasonable act. The German government is under no obligation to grant lenlency in such cases, but could do so upon a request from this government.

Secretary Lansing would not dis-cuss the case today further than to say an investigation was being made.
Wilson formerly was a clerk to the
military affairs committee of the
United States senate.

OBITUARY.

Frederick H. Jackson. Providence R. I., July 28.—Former Lieut, Governor Frederick H. Jackson died suddenly today while in conver-sation with a business associate, Mr. Jackson was born in Kirkland, N. Y., 67 years ago and at one time was on the staff of Governor Dix of New York.

Judgment For John H. Light in Libel

Suit Bridgeport, Conn., July 28.—In the superior court this afternoon Judge William Williams ordered judgment entered for Judge John H. Light, of Norwalk, in the \$50,000 libel suit brought aaginst Judge Light and E. N. Beard, of Shelton, by John T. King, of Bridgeport. Judge Light has previously filed a demurrer to King's complaint and this demurred was sustained in the superior court.

Marines Landed

TO PROTECT LIVES OF AMERI-CANS AND FOREIGNERS

TO REESTABLISH PEACE

Impression Prevails That the Marines Will Remain There Until Permanent Peace In Assured.

Washington, July 28.—American marines were landed today at Port Au Prince, Haiti, to protect the lives and property of Americans and other foreigners. Rear Admiral Caperton advised the navy department late tonight that he had sent a force ashore from the cruiser Washington. No Firing at Marines.

There was no firing at the marines, although disorder continued in the city. It was assumed a guard had been establisher at the French legation and at other points to protect for-Admiral Caperton's force is too small to permit a general patrol of the city. A more complete report is expected from him early tomorrow. Should it be deemed necessary, additional ma-

rines will be sent from Guatanamo. full regiment would be necessary police the city, it is said. 400 Marines and Bluejackets. Admiral Caperton has 400 marines and bluejackets on board the United States steamer Washington, which ar-rived at Port Au Prince today, and the collier Jason, with another hundred marines, is due there tomorrow. Additional forces are available at Guantanamo, should they be needed.

Situation Very Grave. The admiral had reported by wireless while en route from Cape Haitien to Port Au Prince early today that the situation at the latter place was "very grave." The state department received messages from Charge d'Affaires Davis telling of the assassination of President Guillaume by a mob which broke into the French legation, shot the chief executive and dismembered his body.

No Established Government.

No Established Government, This violation of the diplomatic immunition which foreign legations enjoy would be regarded ordinarily as a serious affront, but in view of the absence of an established government, and the general turbulent conditions, the incident probably will not compli-cate the situation. It had the effect,

rise against him if he signed the pact

WRITS SERVED ON 53 DANBURY HATTERS

In Foreclosure Proceedings Instituted By D. E. Loewe & Co.

Danbury, Conn., July 28.—United States Marshal Middlebrook and Deputy Marshal Hawley began today Deputy Marshal Hawley began today the serving of notices of foreclosure upon 166 persons in Danbury and viinity named as defendants in foreclosure proceedings instituted by D. E. Loewe & Company in the Danbury Hatters' case. The work of serving the papers will take several days. The marshal said this afternoon that they were greatly pleased with the reception given them at the homes of the hatters and stated that in every case the document was ac-cepted as a matter of course. A total of 53 writs were served to-ay. The hatters are cited before the federal court at Hartford on Septem-ber 4 for a hearing in the foreclosure

CORONER'S JURY PLACES BLAME FOR THE EASTLAND HORROR On General Manager, Captain, Engl-

neer and Federal Inspectors.

tonight returned a verdict placing the blame for the loss of hundreds of lives by the capsizing of the steamer Eastland in the Chicago river Saturday on

six men:
William H. Hull, general manager of
the Chicago-St. Joseph Steamship
company, owner of the Eastland,
Capt. Harry Pedersen of the East-

J. M. Erickson, engineer.
Robert Reed, federal inspector of steamships, who gave the Eastland license to carry 2,500 passengers June J. C. Eckliff, federal inspector of

W. K. Greenebaum, general manager of the Indiana Transportation com-pany, lessee of the Eastland. The jury recommended that these men be held for a grand jury for in-dictment on charges of manslaughter.

Movements of Steamships.

Movements of Steamships.

New York, July 28.—Salled: Steamer Arabic, Liverpool,
Kirkwall, July 27.—Arrived: Steamer United States, New oYrk.
Liverpool, July 26.—Sailed: Steamer Devonia, Boston.

New York, July 28. — Signalled: Steamer St. Louis, Liverpool for New York, 1,829 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon 27th. Dock at 8 a.m. Sunit noon 27th. Dock at 8 a. m. Sun-

Barcelona, July 23 .- Arrived: Steam. er Bucnos Aires, New York.
Liverpool, July 28.—Arrived: Steamer Definion, Philadelphia. Gibraltar, July 27.—Salled: Steamer Perugia (from Genoa) New OYrk. New York, July 28.—Salled, steamer Dante Aleghieri, Naples.

Dr. Creel Declines \$7,500 Berth. Dr. Creel Declines \$7,500 Berth.

Boston, July 28.—Dr. Richard H.
Creel, of the federal health service,
came to Boston today and personally
declined the appointment as city
thealth commissioner, which has twice
been tendered him by Mayor Curley.
On the first occasion he sent his declination by mail. Dr. Creel gave
poor health as his chief reason for refusing the place. The position pays an
annual salary of \$7,500.

16 New Munitions in Port Au Prince Plants in London

TEN ADDITIONAL ONES TO BE ESTABLISHED.

NATIONAL * FACTORIES

Forty Thousand Additional Worker David Lleyd George Says Supplies Insure Victory.

London, July 26, 9.40 p.-m.—Sixteen national munitions factories have been established in London and after consultation with the French ministry, the British government has decided to set up an additional ten large establishments.

The announcement was made in house of commons this evening by the minister of munitions, David Lloyd George, who told of the progress made by this department in overcoming the shortage in shells that had prevent-ed the army on the continent from do-ing all it might otherwise have done. Factories Being Erected.

These new factories are being erect-ed in the vicinity of the arsenals and existing armament establishments and, according to Mr. Lloyd George, when the government has completed in a few weeks the developments on which it is now engaged, the supply of shells would be doubled.

"This," said the minister, "will not merely enable us to support our men, but will enable them to cleave their way through to victory."

To Speed Up Contracts. Mr. Lloyd George explained that until the new factories are built, the work of his department will be directed to speeding up existing

At first the government had been faced with a grave labor shortage and some machines were lying idle because no one could be found to work them. One third of the machines engaged in government work at the outset were not being utilized at night.

40,000 Additional Workers. During three months his depart-ment had succeeded in adding nearly 40,000 men and women—nearly half of the men skilled—to the ranks of the workers connected with armaments and they were pouring in further supplies. His department had also ensolled 100,000 volunteers, but it had been found difficult to remove the majority of these from their present

employment. However, scores of thousands of skilled men who had enlisted had been traced and arrange-ments made with the war office for the return of these men to the factories. Trade Unions Relax. While the trade unions had agreed to the relaxation o trades unions restrictions he had not been able convince the men without givi figures which he dared not give. We all restrictions relaxed hundreds of thousands of men could be added to

Machine Guns and Hand Grenades. Steps had been taken, Mr. Lloyd George said, to increase the supply of machine guns and hand grena for trench warfare. The country had been divided into two great cooper-ative areas, so that all available ma-chinery could be used for turning out ipplies. The national factories sected and those to be erected would be under government control and he believed this would have an influence on the men, who would not object to a temporary relaxation of their trade union rules when the government and not an individual was profiting.

Government Control Tool Shops. The government had taken over the control of the machine tool factories, control of the machine tool factories, so that no delay would arise in equipping the new establishments. This would tax the engineering resources of the country, but when all was completed within a few months the government would be able to equip the armies in a way which would leave them in no way inferior to the best equipped armies on the continent.

ENCOURAGING PROSPECTS OF PEACE IN MEXICO

Intimated That Under Certain Conditions Carranza Will Enter Deliberations.

Washington, July 28.—Encouraging reports have reached officials of the Washington administration recently, it was learned tonight, as to peace prospects in Mexico, although no indication has come that General Carranza would yield to another request from the United States to join in peace negotiations with General Villa or other Mexican leaders. Intimations have been conveyed to administration officials, however, that there are conditions acceptable to Carranza under which joint peace deliberations of all factions could be arranged.

From other military leaders, among them Villa, Zapata, Maytorena and many other men who have been prominent in Mexican civil and military affairs, have come indications that another effort by the United States to institute a peace conference would not it was learned tonight, as to pear

institute a peace conference would not be fruitless. These reports, it is said, have resulted from an informal canvass of the situation that has been quietly in progressifor several weeks. The next step to be taken by the United States, it is believed, will be announced soon after President Wilson's return from Cornish.

son's return from Cornish.

The military situation in Mexico was not clearly known to might. Mexico City remains cut off from communication and there have been no official advices regarding the whereabouts of General Gonzaler's army which moved out of Mexico City to head off Villa's flying column from Queretaro. Efforts to locate the Villa southern expeditionary force also have outhern expeditionary force also have

failed.

Advices today from General Fun-ston that General Calles had been or-dered not to attack Nogales, because of the neutralization agreement re-garding border cities, were received here as indicating that Carranza de-sires not to offend the United States just at this juncture.

Fog Prevents Yacht Race.

Newport, R. I., July 28.—The thick fog prevented the sailing of the second of the series of races between the cup yachts Resolute and Vanitie in Narraganseit bay today. The boats will try to race tomorrow.

William Hicks, a negro prisoner, who developed smallpox while in jail at Goshen, N. Y., and who was taken to an isolation camp near Middle-town, N. Y., was shot and killed by his nurse. Theodore Muhibauer of New York, when Hicks attacked him.

Condensed Telegrams

Three hundred men were entombed in an explosion in a mine at Chris-topher, Ill.

King Constantine of Greece has now almost completely recovered from his recent illness.

The New York State Association of Police Chiefs opened its annual con-vention at Watertown, N. Y.

More than 20,000 British soldiers have been recruited since July 1 in the State of Victoria, Australia.

There were 1,229 deaths in New York last week, compared with 1,181 leaths the same period last year. Tobacco valued at \$200,000 has be sold in Louisville, Ky., to agents the Allies within the last month.

The Bethlehem Steel Co., in con-unction with the Electric Boat Co., s building 20 submarines for Eng-

Wireless communication between the new station at Funabashi, Japan and the Hawaiian Islands was inaug-

The British and American governments are making an effort to reach an agreement to avoid calling cotton

Commander H. I. Cone of the tor-pedo flotilla tender Dixie, was as-signed to the Panama Canal as ma-rine superintendent.

An order for 20,000 kegs of rail spikes was received by the Jones & Laughlin Steel Co., from the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. Up to the present time 321,789 of-ficers and men of the British armies in all the theatres of war have been killed, wounded or are missing.

More than 2,000 men at the Eagle Oil Works at Caven Point, N. J., went on strike. Two hundred po-licemen are guarding the plant.

Professor Richard Norton founder of the American Volunteer Ambulance Corps, has been awarded the military by the French govern

The American schooner Sallie Ca Marvil was wrecked near Buean Ayre, an island in the Dutch West Indies. The captain and crew were saved. Two murderers serving life sen-tences and a third man serving ten years for manslaughter, were par-doned by Governor Curtis of Maine.

Five thousand tons of coal for de livery to Italian railways is being loaded on the steamer Strathotas at Baltimore by the Consolidation Coal

Dr. Jacob E. Wantoch was held under \$3,000 bail in Roosevelt, N. J., to answer a charge of manslaughter. His auto ran down and killed 8 year old John Steiner.

Robert Vaughe, a master in chan-cery, was appointed receiver for the city of Nashville Tenn. The mayor and two commissioners were suspended from office. The plant of the American-British Manufacturing Co. at Bridgeport, Conn., is operating day and night to fill an order for guns and shells for

the United States. A Lithuanian, thought to be Joseph Shagenis or Shergolis, was instantly killed at Waterbury when he was struck by a passenger train on the

A jitney ordinance requiring a bond for each car operated in Richmond, Va., has driven all but one jitney bus from the streets. The remaining car will test the validity of the law in the courts.

The Government has given permission to the Alaskan Engineering Co. to cut \$5,000,000 feet of timber in the Chugach national forest, Alaska, used in building the Govern ment railroad.

A well dressed man who shot and killed himself in Bronx Park, was identified as Edward B. Fox, of New York. He was despondent because of losses caused to his optical business by the war.

More than 300 boys answered an "ad" for a job at No. 1 West 42nd Street, New York. The two boys in front were pushed through a plate glass window and were removed to the Bellevue Hospital. As the result of the death of Box-

lac Klermennocz in whose body 25 knife wounds were found, Julian and Peter Olescenski were in court at Northampton, Mass., charged with murder. They were held without bail. Edward M. Grout, former president of the Union Bank of Brooklyn was sentenced to serve from one to two years in Sing Sing prison at hard labor. He was convicted of filing a false statement of the bank's condi-

According to a report from Stock-holm the government of Great Bri-tain has granted permission to the Swedish Cotton Spinners' Association to ship to Swened 55,000 bales of cotton now in English ports if it is

not re-exported. More than half of the 400 employes of the Nitrated Products Co., at Pottsville, Pa., voted to strike for an increase in wages from 37 1-2 to 75 cents an hour. The company recently received a large order from the Allies for guncotton.

John Kevacs, a shirt ironer, committed suicide at his home in South Norwalk by shooting, in a fit of despondency. He held a double barreled shotgun between his knees and blew the top of his head away. Kovacs leaves a wife and three children.

WHITMAN HAS NO DOUBT Thing He Could Do. The evidence was conclusive. If I had any doubt as to the guilt of Becker I should pardon him."

new trial new trial.

Upon first receiving the news of the court's action, the executive refused to talk, but later he dictated the foregoing brief statement. Immediately thereafter he retired and said that

BECKER IN DEATH HOUSE RECEIVED NEWS CALMLY, Had Been Hoping Against Hope-Says

Becker shad; been waiting for so news and, when the deputy warden reached his cell, inquired: "Have I

Mr. Johnson replied: "Yes, Charlie, I am very sorry ot say you have." Becker's voice was thick as he said: 'I had been hoping against hope that I would win, and I am disappointed. I am not afraid t odie."

Seventh Day Adventists In Camp. Fort Worth, Texas, July 28: Eight hundred Seventh Day Matventists, camped at Dalworth, between here and Dallas, expect the "second coming of Christ" and the "marshailing of the heavenly army in the skies" as soon as the allies capture Constantinople, it is appropriate the constantinople,

Becker Must Pay Death Penalty

JUSTICE FORD DENIES MOTIOI FOR A NEW TRIAL

EXECUTION TOMORROW

Decision Asserts That the Evider Proffered Is "Cumpfative and Henc Not Sufficient

New York, July 28.—Justice-Ford an nounced his decision at 10 o'clock to night in his chambers, where he had labored for several days and night on the briefs-submitted for and against on the briefs-submitted for and agains the application for a new trial. He called the waiting newspaper men in-to his chambers and as his secretary handed them copies of his typewrit-ten decision, the justice said: "I have denied the motion for a new trial. And this is my birthday

I'm 53 today. It's a pretty tough way to spend your birthday, isn't it?" Justice Ford added that he had planned to spend the day with his wife and daughter. Reached Decision Tuesday Night, "I virtually arrived at my decision Tuesday night," said Justice Ford "but spent many hours since ther phrasing and arranging the opinion."

None of Becker's Counsel Present, Then the justice chatted for several minutes on the law involved is the case he had just decided. Only newspapermen, his secretery and brother, Michael Ford, and a cleri were present. None of Becker's counsel was there.

sel was there.

Mrs. Becker was said at that very mongent to be visiting her doomed husband in Sing Sing. Decision Goes Into Details. Justice Ford's decision covered five full pages of legal cap paper and contained about 4600 words. It goes into the details of the affidavits filed by the attorneys for Becker and declared that the evidence proficified is for the most part cumulative and hence insufficient."

Referring to the plea of W. Bourke Cockran, chief counsel for Becker, that the right to grant a new trial is in-herent in the court, the decision says: Could Find No Authority. "I cannot find anywhere in the au-thorities even a suggestion that this court possesses any such (inherent)

court possesses any such (inherent)
power. On the contrary, as has been
pointed out, the power is granted gy
statutes and must be exercised in
strict compliance with it."

In conclusion the court says:

"As I studied the authorities and examined the adildavits the conviction has grown upon me that it (a new trial) could not be granted without disregarding the law an dattempting to usurp the functions of another de-

rtment of government.
"The motion is therefore denied." Execution At Daybreak Friday.

a possible appeal by Becker from his (the justice's) decision, but he declined to say whether Becker can appeal. Justice Ford's decision means that Becker will undoubtedly be put to death in the ejectric chair shortly aft-er daybreak Friday morning for a crime of which he was twice convicted crime of which he was twice convicted after two sensational trials which attracted widespread interest.

The decision disposes of the latest effort to save Becker, begun last Friday, when Supreme Court Justice Philbin granted an order for the district attorney to show cause why a new trial should not be granted. The writ was returnable Monday before

writ was returnable Monday before Justice Ford and Becker's execution, which had been fixed for today, was put off until Friday at the request of Justice Ford, who wanted more time to consider the affidavits. Mrs. Becker, who left her husband at

Sing Sing prison shortly before Becker received the court decision, arrived here after midnight. Mrs. Becker made the trip alone and wept softly as a relative met her at the door of her home. Mrs. Becker begged to be excused from makiny any statement.

OF BECKER'S GUILT States That Justice Ford Did the Only Albany, N. Y., July 28.—"Justice Ford did the only thing he could do.

This was Governor Whitman's only comment tonight on the refusal of Jus-tice Ford to grant Charles Becker a

he would have nothing more to say.

Virtually throughout today the governor was at the executive mansion prepared to receive any communica-tions on the case from the New York county authorities or the court, but

He is Not Afraid to Die. Ossining, N. Y., July 28, Charles Becker, in the death house at Sing Sing prison, tonight received calmly the news that his appeal for a new trial had been denied. Deputy Warden Johnson told him of the failure of the